



## Operational success story



## **Primary School Laion / Novale** New building 2006, Laion (IT)





## **GENERAL INFORMATIONS**

Owner: Municipality of Laion

Architect: Arch. Johann Vonmetz, (Dir. Lav.)

Arch. Stefan Trojer

Ing. Paolo Rosa (statica) Engineer:

Malleier Walter (impianti

tecnologici)

Brugger Manfred (imp. Elettrici) Günther Gantioler (casa passiva)

arch.tv, Arch, Johann Vonmetz, Design office:

Arch. Thomas Ebner

Www.archtv.net

Use: Primary school for 40 students

divided in:

4 classrooms

a workroom

a multipurpose room

a teachers room

Heated Usable area of 625 m2 surface: Gross area 755,37 m2

Gross volume: 3115 m3 (from PHPP calculation)

Built in: 2004 - 2006

Cost: Total budget 1.207.000

(construction costs without

planning costs and TVA),

1.930 €/m<sup>2</sup>

Method

Financial support by Provincia Autonoma di Bolzano

Municipality of Laion financing:

## **ENERGY PERFORMANCE**

89 kWh/m2\*v Primary energy

demand:

Type of certification: CasaClima Gold + (heating demand <10kWh/m²\*year)

22,20 kg/(m<sup>2</sup>\*y) CO2 emissions:

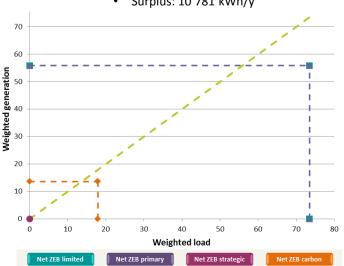
Positive energy (solar thermal Total energy balance balance

> production and PV production doesn't cover the energy demand from November to

February):

Demand: 5'690 kWh/v Production: 16'471 kWh/y

Surplus: 10'781 kWh/y



Graphic1: Monitored Import/Export calculated by Net ZEB Evaluation Tool Developed within the IEA - SHC Task 40/ECBCS Annex 52 - "Towards Net Zero Energy solar Buildings". Created by: Eurac Research within STA. Draft: V4.3

# **Primary School Laion / Novale**

# New building 2006, Laion (IT)

Address: Primary school

Località Villa, 139040 LAION (BZ)

39040 Lajon

GPS: Location: 46°36'32" North, 11°33'50"

1099 m Altitude:

3,58 kWh/m<sup>2</sup> \*day (Average sum of horizontal Yearly solar radiation:

global irradiation per square meter received)

1310 kWh/m² (Average sum of horizontal global

irradiation per square meter received) (http://re.jrc.ec.europa.eu/pvgis/apps4/pvest.php)

HDD20= 3131 Bolzano, IT (11.33E,46.46N) HDD20

(http://www.degreedays.net/):

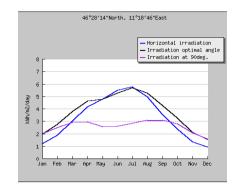
(graphic)

CDD26 (http://www.degreedays.net/):

**DESCRIPTION OF THE CLIMATE:** 

CDD26= 106 Bolzano, IT (11.33E,46.46N)

HDD20, Italian Classification: HDD20= 4186 Lajon (italian law: n. 412 26/august/1993)



## SPECIFICATIONS OF THE BUILDING

## 1) Building envelope

## Surface to volume ratio

Compact: S/V = 0.53 m-1

U-value of the opaque surface 0.23W/m2K

Walls: 20cm mineral foam Roof: 24cm wood fibers

#### U-value of the window surface 0.78W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Argon triple coated panes with Oak windows frames

Large glazed surface facing south with venetian blinds (128 m<sup>2</sup> out of 150m<sup>2</sup>)

Maximized solar gains

Natural daylighting

## Overall building envelope energy performance:

9kWh/m²a CasaClima Gold

7.6kWh/m²a PHPP

Blower Door: 0.49 [h-1] air tightness demonstrated

## 2) Systems

## Mechanical ventilation system with heat recovery

### **Heating system**

Radiant floors

Electric heat pump 1.8kW electric 8.3kW thermal

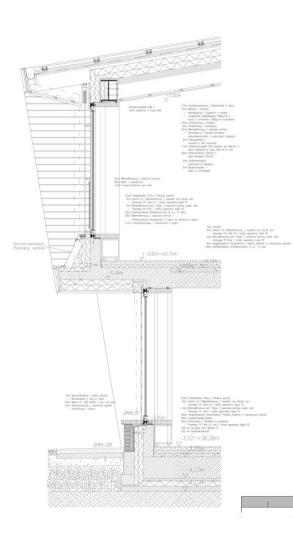
3 ground probes of 50m Geothermal plant

Solar thermal collectors 18m<sup>2</sup> of flat plate collectors integrated in the 1stfloor facade

## **Electric energy production**

Electric energy production from PV allows to cover the electricity demand of the whole building and to feed into the grid a high amount of energy.

Polycrystalline photovoltaic panels 140 m<sup>2</sup> of silicon polycrystalline photovoltaic panels electric peak power of 17.7kWp



## **Primary School Laion / Novale** New building 2006, Laion (IT)

## CONTEXT AND HISTORY OF THE BUILDING

1938 Erection of elementary school building in Lajen Ried (heating system with

wood boiler).

School expansion (heating system with electric radiators).

April 2002 Assignment of the feasibility study for a building renovation or expansion of

the existing building.

Positive result of the feasibility study to build a new school.

Assignment of the design project to the architectural studio Arch. Vonmetz.

Energy requirements fixed by the owner, the Municipality of Lajon:

ClimaHouse A +

Architectural concept for maximizing the energy savings

Passive House standard was not fixed as a necessary requirement as well as the installation of a ventilation system.

The architect had the objective to reach a Passive House building. Architectural choices:

landscape integration and urban architectural language

interior distribution

passive solutions

Construction phase July 2004

Demolition of the existing school and beginning of construction works.

August 2004 The Municipality evaluated the integration of a central ventilation system for the classrooms and the integration of necessary distribution pipes into

the building structure.

September 2005 Municipal election.

> The new administration decided the objective to achieve the Passive House standard. Verification of the passive requirements through PHPP calculation was effected. Modification of the heating system and choice of a heat pump

with geothermal probes.

June 2006 The municipality decided to achieve an active building and realized a PV

system.

July 2006 End of works.

September 2006 Inauguration of the new building.

December 2006 Connection of the PV panels to the grid. Opening of the school: training

session on the use of the building for teachers and students.

The heating system was equipped with a remote control and allows the Municipality to monitor the correct functioning of the plant. A monitoring

system was installed to measure energy consumption and production.













1980

August 2002

April 2003



